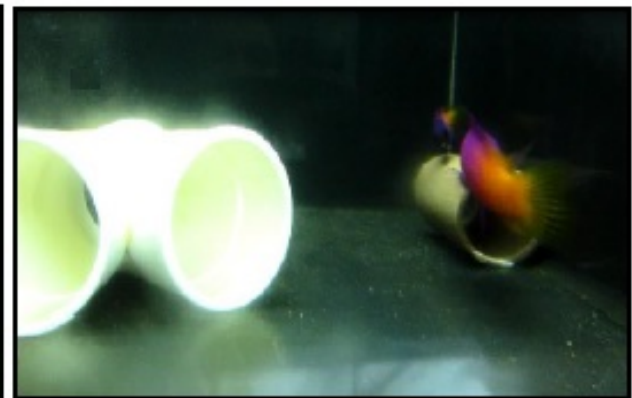


# ATTEMPT OF PAIR FORMATION OF THE BRAZILIAN GRAMMA *Gramma brasiliensis* IN CAPTIVITY



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- ✓ The ornamental fish *Gramma brasiliensis* is a Brazilian fish
- ✓ Degradation of coral reefs and its capture for the aquarium trade



list of **THREATENED TO EXTINCTION** and overexploited fish and invertebrate species from Brazil

Normative Instruction (MMA n.5- 21/05/2004)

National Action Plan for the Conservation of the Coral Ecosystems from Brazil



- ✓ Before this actions gramma was the 5<sup>th</sup> species most collected and exported to USA, Japan and Germany

- ✓ **Aquaculture** → one of the measures to alleviate fishing pressure on the natural stocks



- ✓ Number of ornamental marine species that can be commercially produced in captivity is still limited (cultivated species contribute to 1-2% **of the market**)
- ✓ **Difficulties in producing ornamental marine fish**

## *Gramma loreto*



- ✓ Easy to adapt to aquarium conditions and disease resistant
- ✓ Male (3.5 cm) and female (2.5 cm) sexually mature
- ✓ Males larger than females: territorial and more aggressive
- ✓ Male builds a nest/parental care
- ✓ 20 to 200 eggs /spawning

## *Gramma brasiliensis*



# *Gramma brasiliensis*

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✓ Distribution: state of Maranhão to São Paulo, and the archipelago of Fernando de Noronha



✓ Measure: 6.5 cm long

✓ reef or rocky environments,  
from 3 to 30 m depth

✓ Unique coloration (bicolor body)

✓ occasionally cleaner

# OBJECTIVE

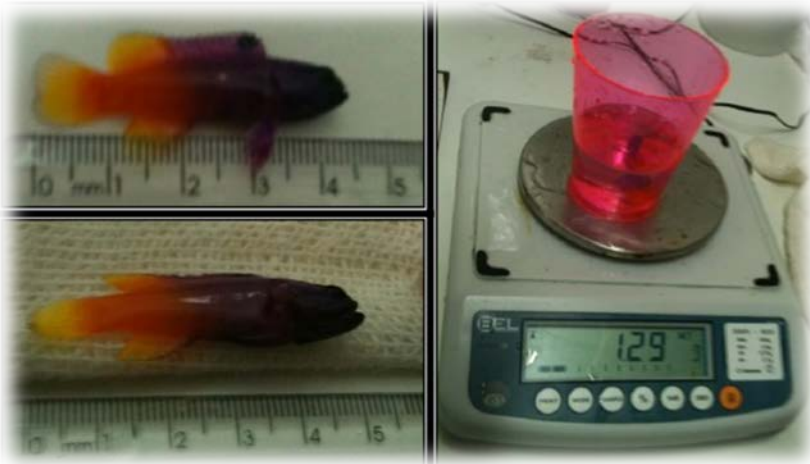
## REPRODUCE THE BRAZILIAN GRAMMA IN CAPTIVITY



- ✓ To start its production in captivity
- ✓ minimize the harvesting pressure on natural stocks

# MATERIALS AND METHODS

- Fish (4.2 g and 6.2 cm in length) were collected from the northeastern region (state of Bahia)



- ✓ Temperature: 26°C
- ✓ Salinity: 35 ppt
- ✓ Photoperiod: 14h L: 10h D
- ✓ Water quality: weekly
  - ammonia 0 mg/L
  - nitrite

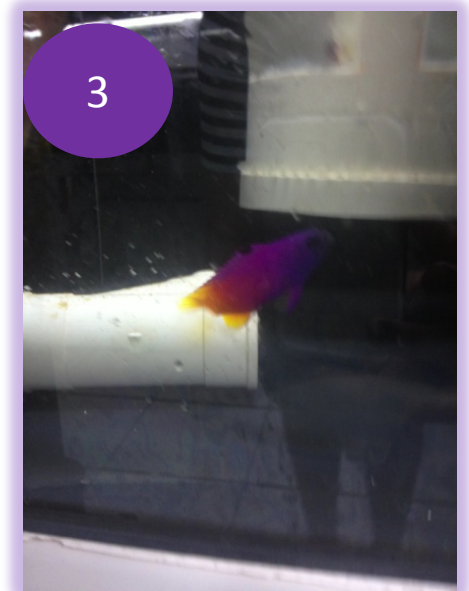
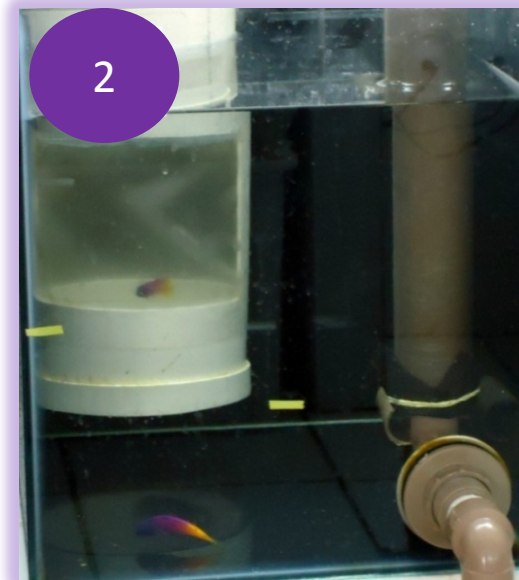


- ✓ Feeding

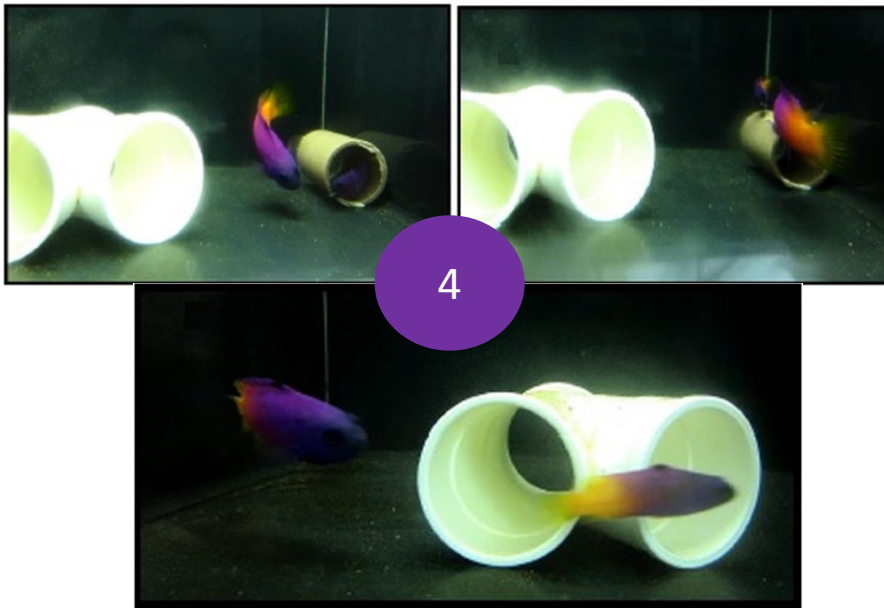
- ✓ Three systems were assembled to test pair formation
- ✓ Behavior observations 3 times a day: at dawn, during the day, and at dusk, occasionally at night

# SYSTEM 1

- ✓ 2 RAS
- ✓ each RAS: six 40-L aquariums
- ✓ each aquarium 2 fish (total 24 fish)
- ✓ One fish isolated from the other → Acclimation 10 days → Release)
- ✓ 3 hours behavioral observations



# SYSTEM 1



✓ 1 month: 3 pairs

✓ 25% good socialization

✓ NO REPRODUCTIVE BEHAVIOR

✓ **DIFICULTIES:** Highly aggressive, many fights (fatal ones)



# SYSTEM 2

- ✓ Tank: volume 500L (3.0m x 0.5m x 0.55m)
- ✓ Several substrates for hiding and nest formation (PVC pipes and shells of oysters and scallops)



30 fish  
*G. brasiliensis*



30 fish  
*Elacatinus figaro*  
(barber goby)



SUMP

UV



SYS2: HAREM

# SYSTEM 2

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- ✓ Over a period of 6 months: possible interactions and attempts to form couples were observed;
- ✓ Good intra and inter-specific social behavior;
- ✓ Despite being considered as a cleaner fish, no cleaning behavior of the barber goby on the gramma was observed in this system.



# SYSTEM 2

## DIFFICULTIES:

- ✓ Territorialism of larger fish defending specific sites of the tank was noted;
- ✓ No pair formation was observed;
- ✓ Bacterial related mortalities occurred after 6 months;
- ✓ After the population declined, more aggressive behavior of fish was noted and the system was disassembled.



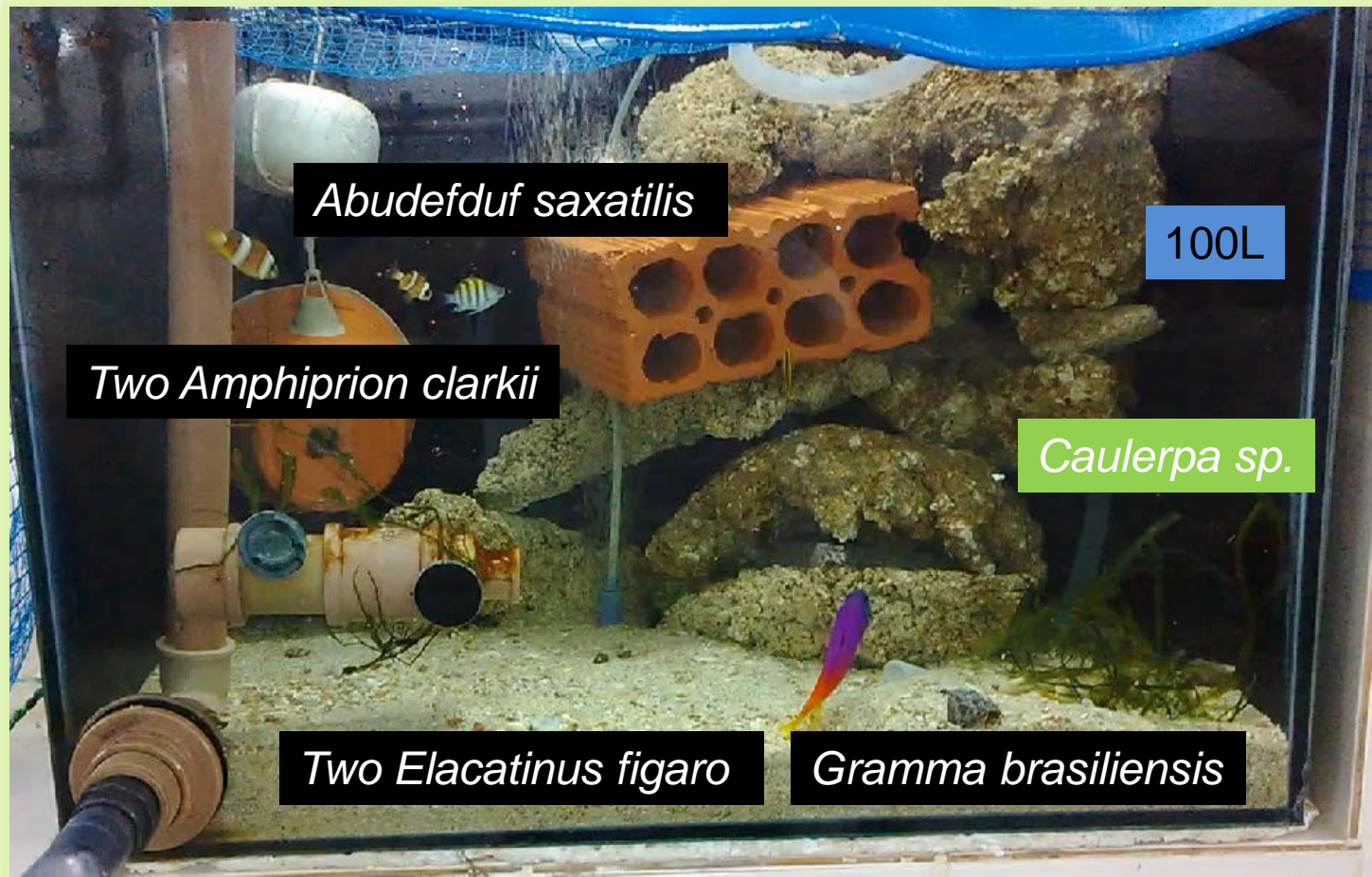
# SYSTEM 3



- ✓ Simulating what occurs in nature
- ✓ 100 L tank – recirculation system (SUMP)
- ✓ Indirect illumination

# SYSTEM 3

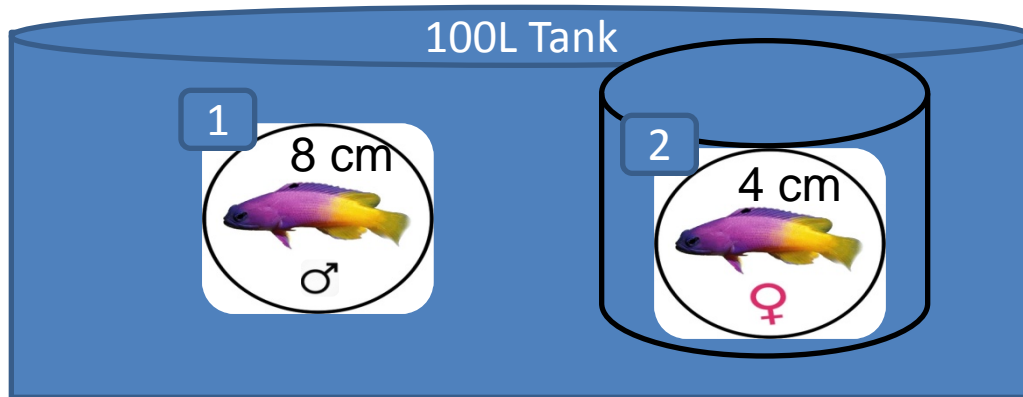
- ✓ Various types of shelters (rocks forming burrows, brick with holes) and a sand substrate were placed in the tank



- ✓ Territory definition

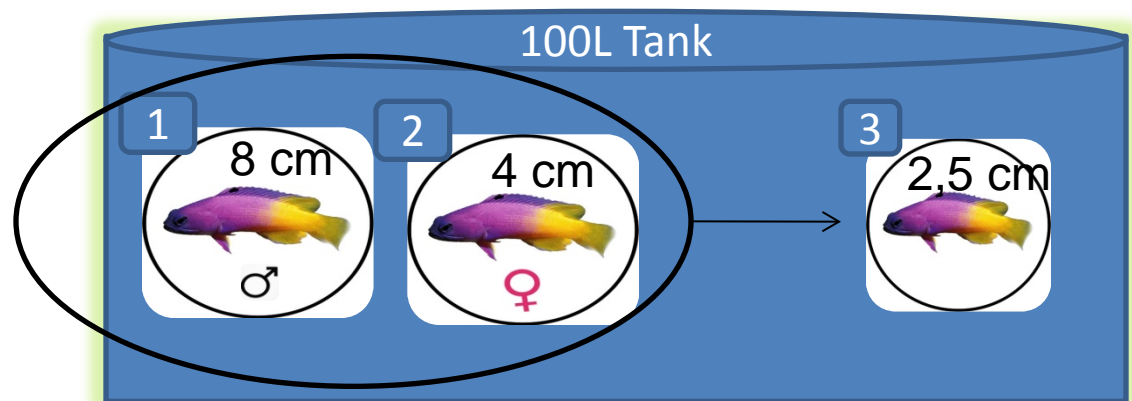
# SYSTEM 3

- ✓ 1 gramma (8cm) → After 1 week the 2<sup>nd</sup> gramma was placed in a transparent plastic bottle with small perforations



- ✓ After 2 days the 2<sup>nd</sup> gramma was released in the tank

- ✓ The 3<sup>rd</sup> gramma was released directly in the tank



# SYSTEM 3

✓ COUPLE BEHAVIOR (LARGER AND MIDDLE SIZED FISH): couple began digging the sand substrate and making dance movements, with the “male” quivering his body with the “female” closeness



✓ Largest fish caught the sand substrate with its mouth and threw up: “mating behavior”?

✓ The macroalgae *Caulerpa* sp. placed into the aquarium. Male started gathering up the macroalgae to build a nest inside the holes of the brick

✓ A significant increase in the female’s belly roundness was promptly noticed

# CONCLUSIONS

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- ✓ So far, there is no record of breeding this species in captivity
- ✓ Other Brazilian macroalgae species are being tested for nest formation by the gramma
- ✓ Also, the SYS 3 will be replicated to verify repeatability of behavior in the formation of couples
- ✓ It seems that the *Gramma brasiliensis* is similar to *G. loreto*, but not so domesticated as the latter species

# OBRIGADA!





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